



SHARPI/PICTURE sounding rocket telescope

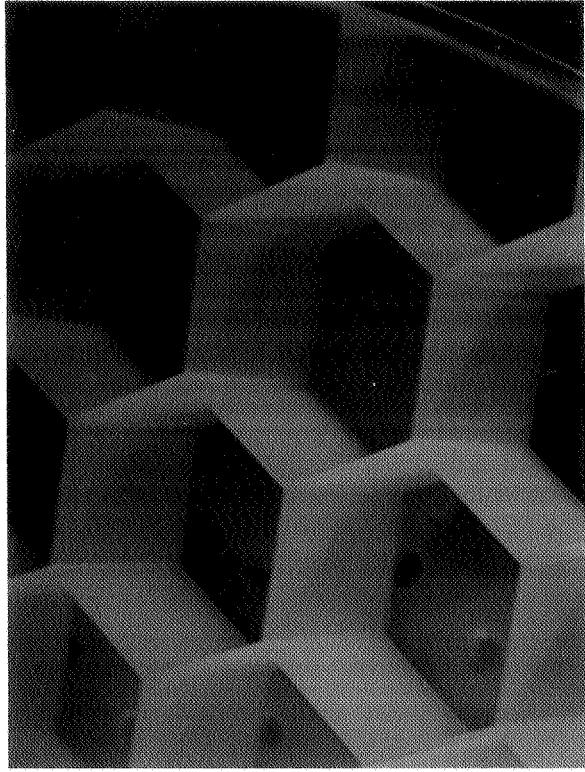
D. Content, S. Antonille, T. Wallace, D.
Rabin, S. Wake

NASA GSFC



Overview of talk

- Intro – lightweight precision mirror development
- Two sounding rocket concepts sharing a telescope
- OTA overview
- PM development program
- PM figure testing
- Mirror coatings
- PM mount & verification
- SM
- OTA



Detail of SHARPI PM over
mounting pad



Technology area – lightweight precision optics

- Combination of high precision and light weight allows new missions
 - Small missions with better system performance
 - Larger apertures at high performance with launchable weight
- Working definition – high precision is at least visible diffraction limited; lightweight should be ~JWST mirror weight ($\sim 25 \text{ kg/m}^2$), but be careful
 - Areal density is (at least) linear with diameter for fixed stiffness
 - Comparisons among many mirrors can be difficult
- We (or SHARPI PM vendor ITT{Kodak} have reported on development of the SHARPI PM at previous Tech Days
- Collaboration with PICTURE team is a fairly recent development
 - Only by combining resources can this level of technology be implemented on sounding rocket budgets, but this raises flight maturity more rapidly than any alternative – risky but win:win
- Hoping to fly this telescope in CY2007!

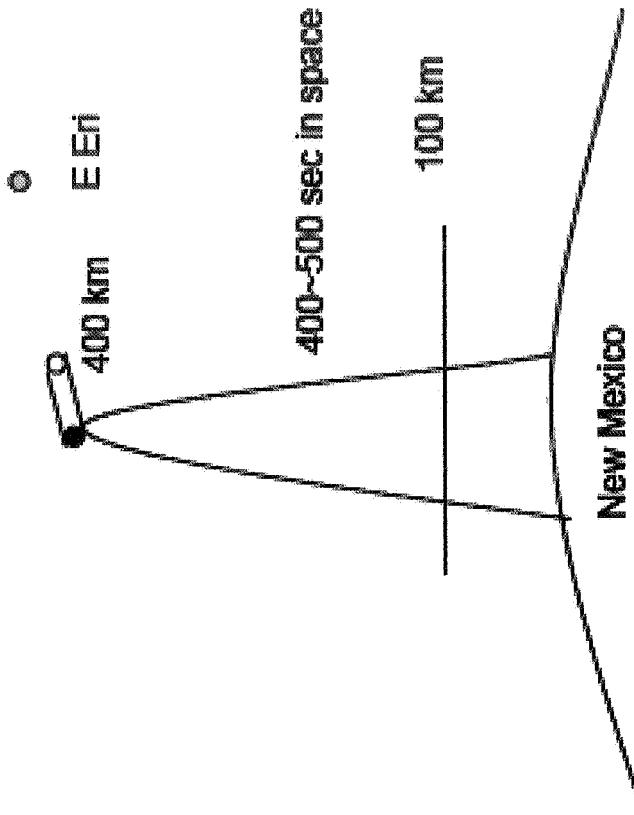


taken from 7/2005 M. Shao pres. On visible nuller interferometry to TPF-C STDT

PICTURE

AO Coronagraph on a Sounding Rocket

- * B.U. (S. Chakrabarti), J.P.L., MIT (Lane), GSFC (Rabin), NGST and LIMCO
- * A mini-version of the TPF-C proposed concept.
 - 1 potential target, Jovian planet around E Eri. ($3e-8$ contrast)
 - Selected jan 2005, 2 flights jan-feb 2007 and july-aug 2007.
 - CDR july 2005
 - Nuller, with calibration system (no fiber bundle)
 - Working at 1 μD
 - 1000 element DM in 1 arm of nuller

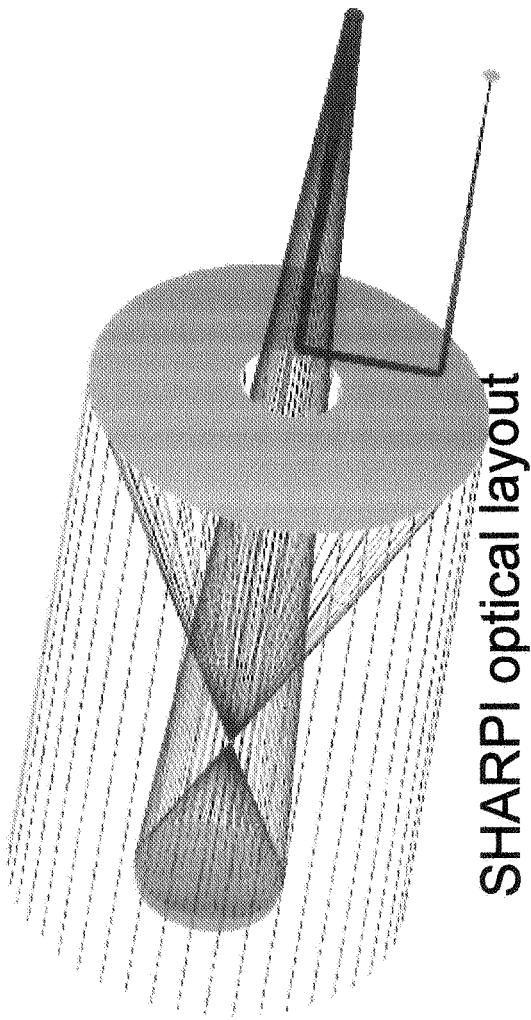
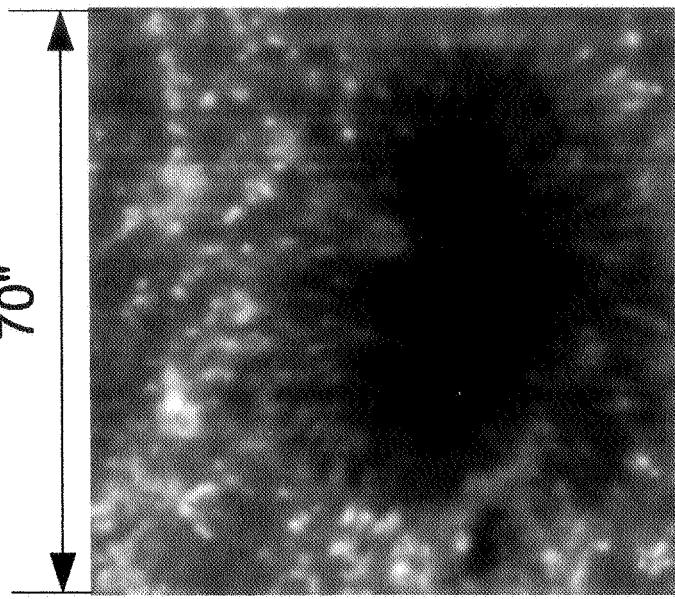


This is a low cost, high payoff, quick turnaround attempt at direct Imaging of an extrasolar planet; it's the ONLY funded exoplanet imaging experiment funded in the aftermath of TPF "deferral"



Solar High Angular Resolution Photometric Imager (SHARPI)

- Sounding rocket telescope for 0.2" solar imaging over 70" in the far ultraviolet (160nm)
- Primary Surface figure error budget allocation ~7 nm RMS



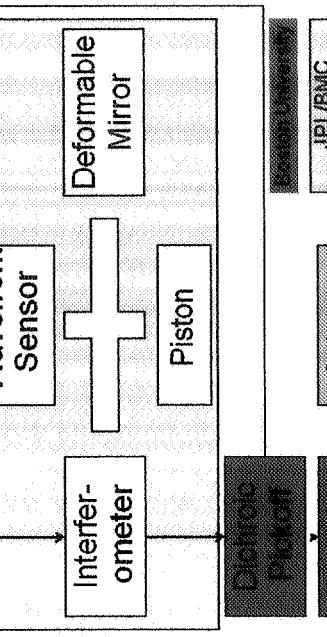
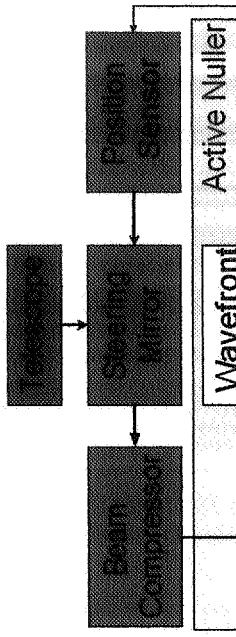
SHARPI science not yet funded,
will be proposed in 2008

TRACE image of sunspot
160nm, 1" resolution

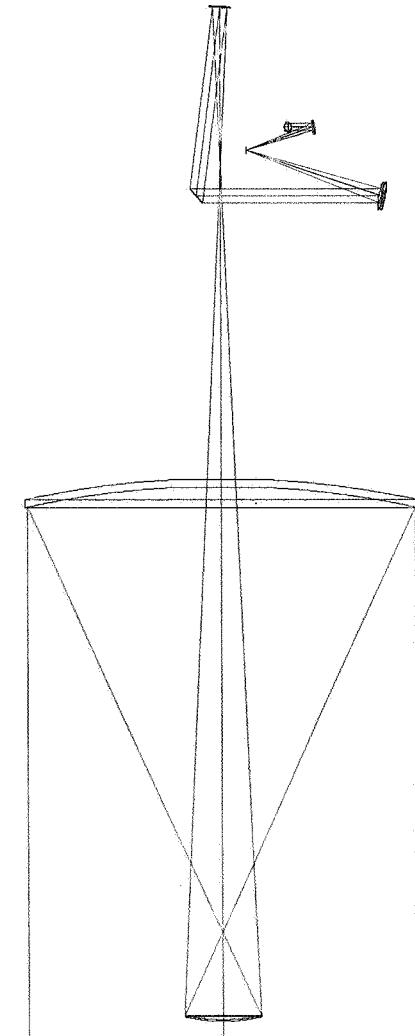


PICTURE hardware overview & roles

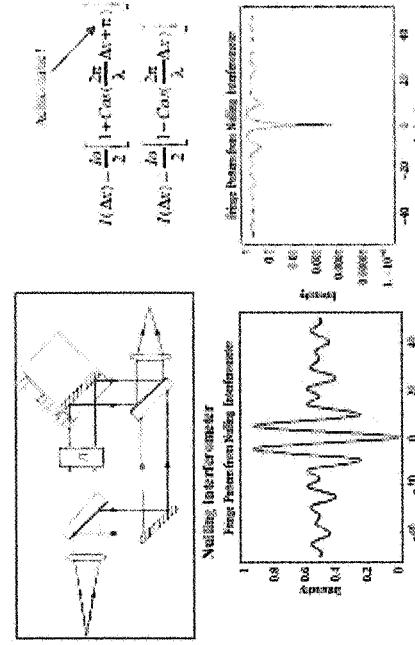
- BU: Supriya Chakrabarti PI;
management, rocket, operations,
machining
- JPL: M. Shao, M. Levine; visible nul-
ler, instrument
- MIT: B. Lane – science cameras
- GSFC: D. Rabin, D. Content; telescope



Payload block diagram



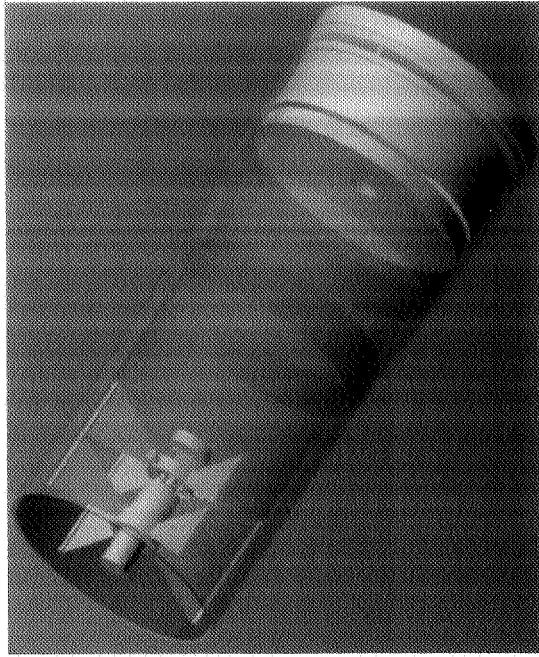
Optical layout



Visible nuller concept

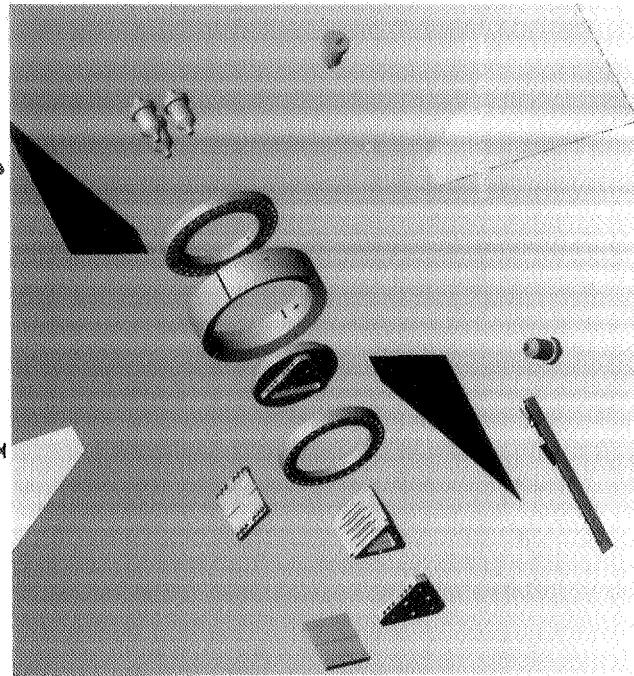


Overview of OTA hardware



- SM from SSG/Tinsley SBIR-02-II
 - SiC w/ Si cladding, also 20kg/m², 11cm clear aperture, 3 nm rms figure
 - Ti, Al pieces for SM mount in fabrication (BU design)
 - Tolerances for SM come from JMEX phase A studies in 2001/2004
- Structure is Ti and composite metering structure w/ rocket skin outside
 - Star tracker is mounted in front of secondary
 - SM on 4-vane spider
 - Adjustments for ground alignment only
- 0.5m PM is largest to go on a sounding rocket

Telescope assembly

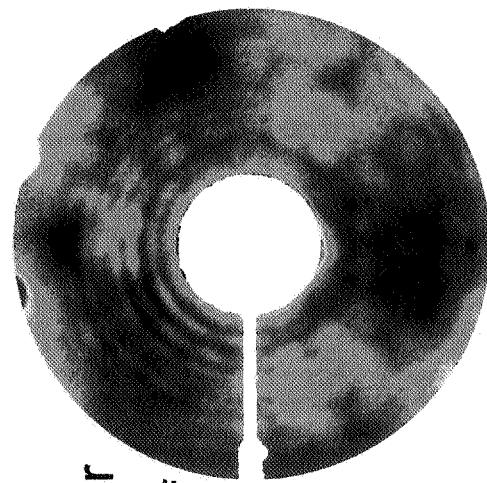
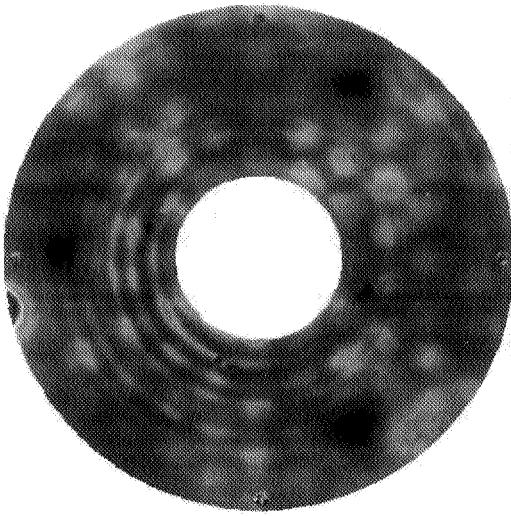


SM & spider assembly



PM development overview

- PM completed with help of Kodak IR&D; their measurement of figure quality over 0.508m CA was 7 nm rms with 1g vertical effects backed out
- We have tested the mirror horizontally but with some captured strain from GSE mount; when this is backed out we see good agreement
- Currently analyzing data from vertical CGH test of PM



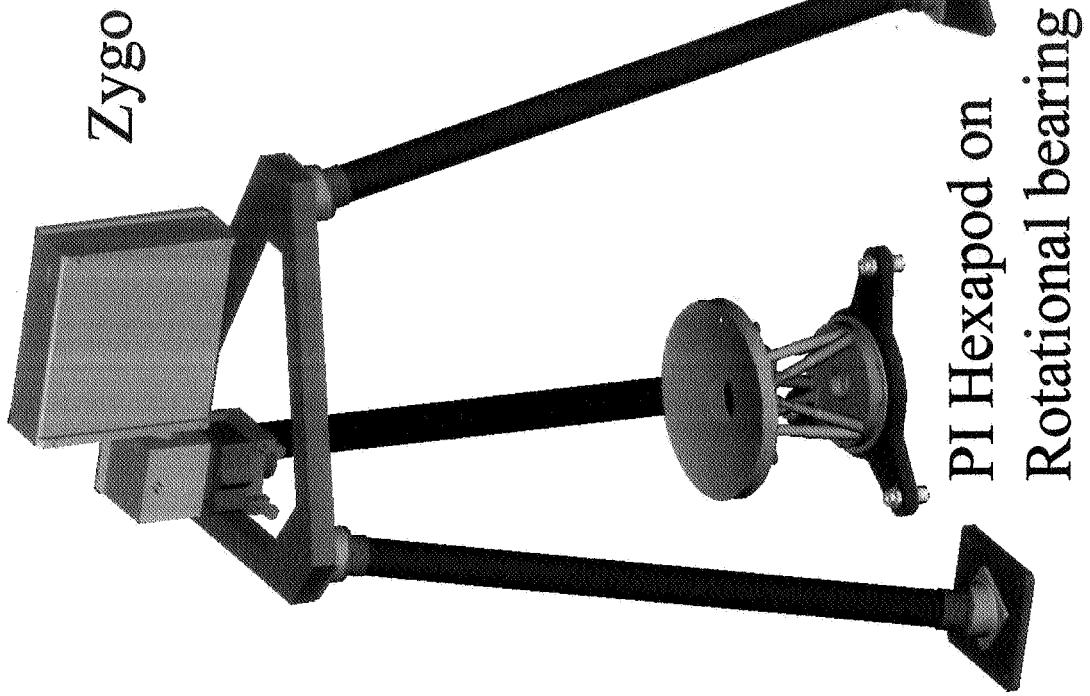
Left –GSFC horizontal data; Right – ITT data

- OTA assembly & Alignment
[December]



PM Vertical CGH figure test – fall '06

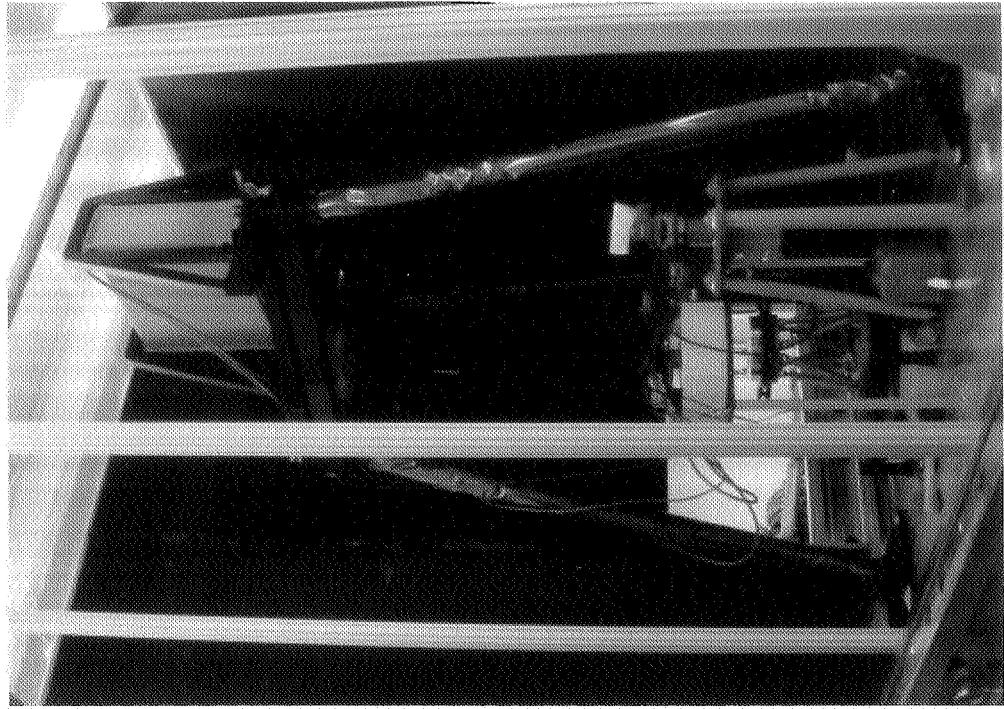
- 2-sphere test extended to aspheres
 - Evans & Kestner, Appl. Opt. 35 1015 (1996).
 - By rotating to n positions, asymmetric errors up to n-theta order can be measured
- Zygo GPI folded via MUX cube, PSI down from MUX
- Removable kinematic mount for CGH
- PI Hexapod on rotation bearing with 12 detent positions (30°)
- Previous work did a partial calibration of CGH with good success {ref Antonille}



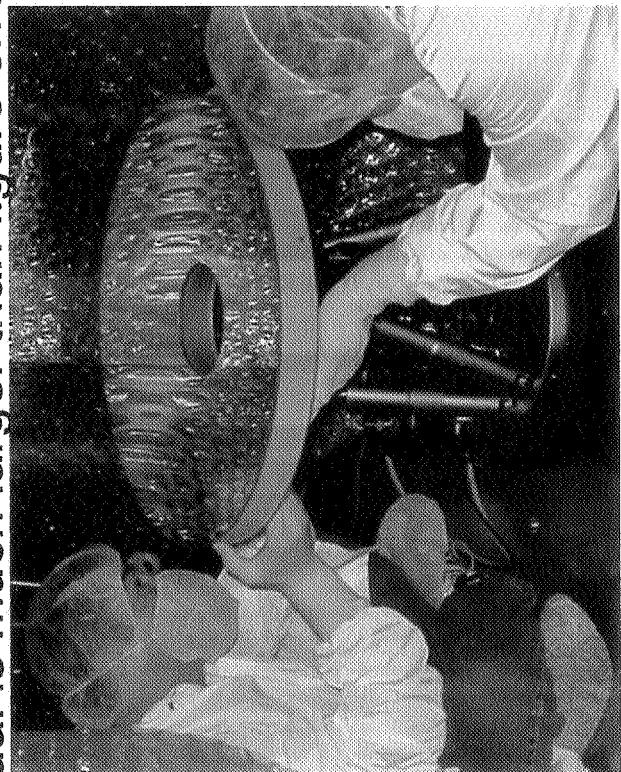


PM figure test, continued

- Tower made from low-CTE carbon fiber tubes; tent gives good thermal isolation
- To date, we are sure the PM meets PICTURE req'ts & that we can remeasure after coating, during mounting, & after vibration
- Complications include CGH distortion, 1g residual is much larger than figure error



Picture of tower w/ tent
under construction





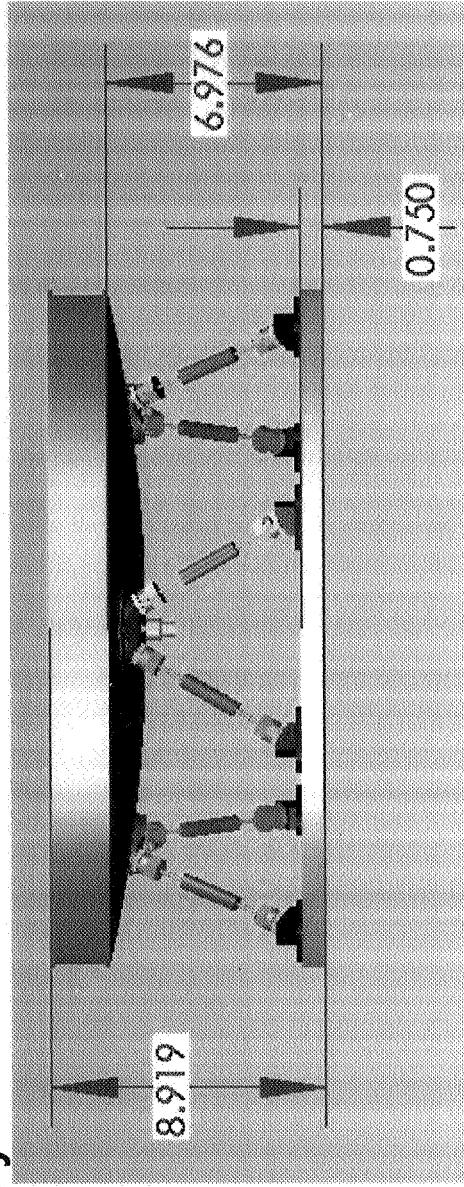
Mirror coatings for exoplanet coronagraph

- Work on TPF-C showed that performance can be very sensitive to mirror polarization depending on spectral bandwidth and speed of optics
 - for TPF-C the choice was custom protected Ag coatings on all fast optics
- Team worked to determine ‘easy’ coatings that could be done cheaply {in-house} and quickly
 - PM: Al SiO_x { $1 \leq x \leq 2$ } over ULE fused silica
 - SM: {Cr} Ag Al₂O₃ SiO_x over Si {SSG mirror is Si-clad rbSiC, see their talk}
- Design uses 0.5λ dielectric thickness on SM and 0.25λ on PM
- A few% uniformity is required



PM mount

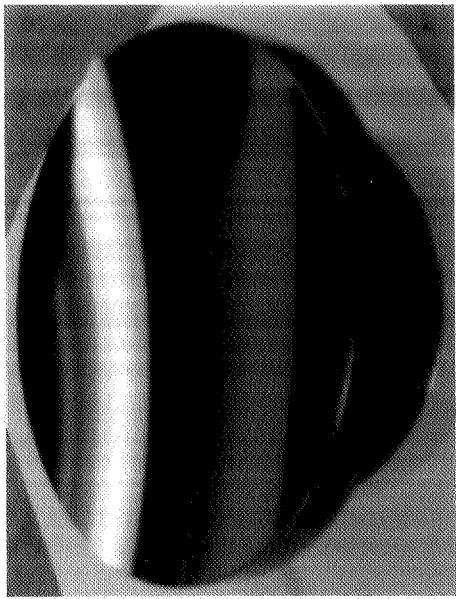
- Concept is telescoping, liquid pinned bipod mounts
- To be assembled 'around and under' PM in figure test tower
 - Allows watching figure as the mounting progresses
 - Design analyzed & optimized via finite element modeling & iteration
 - Hexapod allows controlled lower of PM onto flight mount while measuring figure
- Mechanical hardware requires tight tolerances
- All PM assembly parts are in hand, lapping and preassembly underway



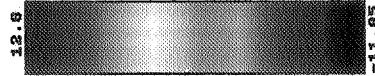
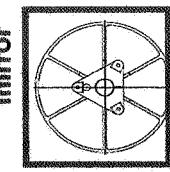


Secondary mirror -- SM

- Fabrication described by SSG;
SSG SBIR-2002-II, J. Schwartz
- 122mm aperture concave
elliptical asphere, $R=226.29$, $k=-0.6633$
 - Mild asphere, $\sim 10\lambda$ departure from best fit sphere
- Requirement for surface quality
 - let us only worry about the PM!
- 3.0nm rms figure, 1.7nm rms midfrequency {1-10mm band}
- MET by SSG/Tinsley on Si-clad rbSiC with Invar mount
- Ready to coat, will verify no major figure change after coating



Y+, looking at
optical surface





Optical telescope assembly

- Horizontal alignment in cleanroom
- We have borrowed & calibrated a 0.5m flat from JPL
- We have calibrated the f/11 transmission sphere
- Alignment expected to be straightforward except for
 - PM gravity sag (previously measured)
 - Telescope tube sag (modeling underway)



Summary

- Flight build underway;
 - All PM parts in house by mid-September
 - All telescope parts in house expected by Oct 1
 - PM figure testing complete
 - PM coating expected late September; SM coating to follow
 - Hope to deliver completed telescope for CY07 1st launch
- Acknowledgements:
 - This has been a long term collaboration with ITT Space Systems, we thank them for their hard work (& IR&D contribution)
 - Many people at GSFC contributed to this effort over the year, we want to mention particularly
 - J. Davila, J. Gum, S. Irish, R. Keski-Kuha, L. Kolos, M. Quijada, S. Owens, C. Strojny, T. Saha, C. Stevens, F. Threat, S. Wake
 - We thank SSGPO & SSG/Tinsley for their efforts on the SM and QED for the confirming figure measurements
 - Thanks also to Schafer for the silicon foam new technology SHARPI mirror (see their talk)